ATENÇÃO: Verifique se esta é a sua opção de Língua Estrangeira.

LÍNGUA INGLESA

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer questions 51 to 58 according to the information in text 1.

TEXT 1

COCONUT TREE, COCO PALM

01 A thousand years ago, the coconut tree did not even

02 exist in Tahiti. It was the pioneering Polynesians who

03 first brought this plant with them in their migrations. A

04 tree of life in every sense of the phrase, its nut supplies 05 water, milk and edible pulp; its "heart" is eaten in

06 salads; its trunk serves as framework for Tahitian huts,

07 and its palms are woven as roofing.

08 Then, of course, there is the coconut which, when cut

- $09\,$ in two and dried in the sun, produces oil. Plait three
- 10 blades of grass and dip into this oil, light... And you
- 11 have a lamp. A lamp which not so very long ago was

12 still used throughout the islands.

- **51)** From the content of the extract, one can rightly suppose that it was taken from a text about
 - A) what happened 1,000 years ago.
 - B) plants that grow in Tahiti.
 - C) the history of migrating pioneers.
 - D) the origins of electricity.
 - E) travelers coming to Tahiti.
- 52) A melhor tradução para o trecho *It was the pioneering Polynesians who first brought this plant* (linhas 02 e 03) é:
 - A) Foi o pioneirismo dos polinésios que em primeiro lugar trouxe esta planta.
 - B) Foram os pioneiros polinésios os primeiros a trazer esta planta.
 - C) Primeiro os polinésios pioneiros trouxeram esta planta.
 - D) Quem trouxe esta planta pioneira foram os primeiros polinésios.
 - E) Os polinésios foram os pioneiros na primeira vez que trouxeram esta planta.

- **53)** The coconut tree is said to be *a tree of life* (line 04) because it supplies people with all of the alternatives below, **EXCEPT**
 - A) roofs.
 - B) food.
 - C) light.
 - D) housing.
 - E) clothes.
- **54)** The terms *edible* (line 05) and *woven* (line 07) are associated, respectively, with people's
 - A) mouth and hands.
 - B) arms and legs.
 - C) legs and feet.
 - D) feet and hands.
 - E) mouth and eyes.
- **55)** The verb *to plait* (line 09) is used in British English, and its American equivalent is *to braid.* Among the items below, the one that is the LEAST likely to be plaited or braided is
 - A) hair.
 - B) wood.
 - C) cloth.
 - D) paper.
 - E) leather
- **56)** Nouns in English can be divided into *countable* or *uncountable* (e.g.: apple X water). In order to indicate some kind of "measurement" in the case of uncountable nouns, another noun is required (e.g.: *glasses* or *liters* of water). Accordingly, the expression below that is equivalent to the structure *blades of grass* (line 10) is
 - A) structures of steel.
 - B) classes of Chinese.
 - C) cups of coffee.
 - D) floors of wood.
 - E) letters of complaint.
- **57)** According to how they are used in the text 1, the words which belong to the same grammatical category are
 - A) years tree first (lines 01 and 03)
 - B) life phrase supplies (line 04)
 - C) plait dip light (lines 09 and 10)
 - D) then which throughout (lines 08 and 12)
 - E) in into so (lines 09, 10 and 11)

- **58)** The word that fits the dictionary definition: "the parts of a building or an object that support its weight and give it shape" is
 - A) plant (line 03).
 - B) trunk (line 06).
 - C) framework (line 06).
 - D) huts (line 06).
 - E) roofing (line 07).

TEXT 2



INSTRUCTIONS: Answer questions 59 and 60 according to the information in text 2.

59) Nos dois primeiros quadrinhos, Lucy aconselha Snoopy a escrever

- I. um texto cujo enredo seja coeso.
- II. um texto que provoque o leitor.
- III. uma história que torne o leitor provocante.
- IV. um enredo cada vez mais denso para prender a atenção do leitor.

As afirmativas corretas são

- A) Iell.
- B) IeIII.
- C) II e III.
- D) II e IV.
- E) III e IV.

60) Snoopy seems to realize that

- A) he's always written lighter stories.
- B) his plots have never been enlightened.
- C) he hasn't been writing long.
- D) plots are important to be had.
- E) Lucy should have given her advice earlier.